ECLECTIC

W

MEDICAL COLLEGE

OF THE

CITY OF NEW YORK.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE, APRIL 22, 1865.

SESSION OF 1886-87.

Commences Monday, October 4, 1886.

No. 1 LIVINGSTON PLACE (East 15th Street).

New York
The Day Star 335 Fourth Ave.
1886.

Eclectic Medical Gollege,

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

1 LIVINGSTON PLACE (East Fifteenth Street).

Chartered April 22, 1865. Organized December 19, 1865.

WHOLE NUMBER OF GRADUATES, 632.

WHOLE NUMBER OF MATRICULANTS, 2249.

Board of Officers.

President:

SAMUEL SINCLAIR, Esq.

Vice-President:

HON. CHAUNCEY SHAFFER.

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GEORGE W. BOSKOWITZ, M. D.

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GEORGE W. BOSKOWITZ, M. D.,

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Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

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Lecturer on Electro-Therapeutics.

H. E. HUNT, M. D.,

B. CLARK, A. M. M. D.,

Lecturer on Nervous Diseases and Insanity.

L. H. BORDEN, M. D., Lecturer on Hygiene,

-

G. DART, M. D.,

Lecturer on Forensic Medicine. Lecturer on Skin and Venereal Discases.

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ECLECTIC MEDICAL COLLEGE

OF THE

CITY OF NEW YORK.

In presenting this, our twenty-sixth annual announcement, for your kind consideration, we cannot refrain from expressing the gratification we experience at the success attained by our college, and the principles of which it is the exponent, since we last had the pleasure of addressing you.

Success has but rarely the attribute of spontaneity, and in most instances is acquired only by an expenditure of anxiety, toil and perseverance, and the simple statement of results, satisfactory as they may be, seldom impresses or causes those most interested to consider by what means or measures they may have been brought about.

The predominant question, which at present writing forms the "apple of discord" in the field of medical science, is between the spirit of freedom, which seeking for truth, enlightenment and liberality, as opposed to the ghoul of conservative despotism which aims to perpetuate opinions by the force of organized combinations, and to pronounce an anathema against all efforts of reform or advancement whatever may be their source or merits.

Such efforts, relics of the dark ages, are not in consonance with the intellectuality prevailing at the present day or the spirit of our institutions. It is merely a question of time, and as events and indications will prove, but a very limited period, when freedom of thought and inquiry will assert itself, and associated dictum and its outgrowth of bigotry will be relegated to oblivion.

But a few years since the workers in the field of Eclecticism were few, their labors hard and but poorly requited, and now———in every State and city of the broad domain of the United States,

disciples of the Eclectic school, honored, and in successful practice, are to be met with. To what should such a revulsion in public opinion be attributed? Comment would be superfluous. Popular feeling has invariably been in favor of reform—and it stands to reason that our enlightened people who at once adopt any improvement that might minister to their material comforts, who eagerly welcome all discoveries that add to their mental advancement, should justly demand that medical science should not rest upon traditions.

Medical science has advanced with the progress of human knowledge, and has been gradually becoming more certain, giving greater immunity from pain and relief from suffering. Much has been done within the last few decades, and we doubtless are upon the verge of yet greater discoveries—the Eclectics, having no traditions to enslave their intellects or inquisitorial code of ethics to trammel their associations, will assuredly add their full quota.

On the fourth day of October, 1886, the twenty-sixth term of the Eclectic Medical College of the City of New York will commence and continue for six months.

Advocates of a thorough medical education and a high standard of professional attainments, every effort has been made to advance that purpose, sparing neither labor nor expense.

A reference to the list of our faculty will present an array of names well and honorably known for their professional abilities and thoroughness as teachers, in addition to which the co-operation of distinguished specialists, who will deliver lectures upon their particular subjects, has been secured.

There are no medical colleges in this country more thorough in their curriculum than those of the Eclectics, and it will be our aim to maintain our present position as one of the foremost.

In addition to the advantages we offer by the advanced plane of excellence occupied by our faculty and complete college conveniences, the city of New York presents others unattainable elsewhere.

Its numerous hospitals are accessible to our students, and weekly clinical lectures are delivered. This procedure not only exemplifies theory, practice and effect, but familiarizes our students with, and opens the field of comparison between the

various schools and systems, all of which are represented in this city.

Another great advantage New York presents, is the number of public libraries with their treasures of rare and costly works of standard authorities, to which gratuitous access is freely given.

In the consciousness that knowledge expands the views of its possessors, making them liberal and fraternal, we assiduously impress upon the minds of our students, that the science and practice of medicine, independent thought, study and research, should be free and untrammelled.

The American system of Eclecticism, founded over fifty years ago, has so triumphantly rent the shackles with which dogmatism, fanaticism and bigotry, sought to enslave it, that like "good wine," which "needs no bush," comment is unnecessary, yet we allow ourselves to add that Eclecticism may best be regarded as a declaration of independence of advanced medical science and a protest against the abuses of a narrow-minded conservatism.

Eclectics do not oppose the doctrines of their predecessors, but only their errors.

In accordance with the Eclectic system, no agent is used or treatment pursued that impairs the vital powers; they regard the fancied necessity for the employment of dangerous medicinal agents as a delusion, and use only such as are sanative and efficient, consequently such destructive agents as antimonials, mercurials, lead, corrosive and inorganic poisons, are banished from their pharmacopæias; on the other hand, we note the pleasing facts, pleasing because we desire to aid the suffering under any circumstances, that many practitioners of other schools are using Eclectic remedies and their system of practice, and that many of such agents are embodied in the latest dispensatories of those schools, often without crediting the discoverers or originators of them.

Candidates for matriculation will be required to produce written evidence by persons of good repute as to their moral character and standing, in addition to which they will be required to furnish proof that they have received a good English education, including mathematics, composition and natural philosophy.

The requirements for graduates are, that each candidate be at least twenty-one years of age, have studied medicine for three years under the supervision of a reputable physician, and have attended not less than two full terms of instruction in an incorporated medical college, the last of which shall be in this college.

Candidates must also present a thesis of their own production upon some medical subject.

The following schedule of fees (to be paid in advance) will be strictly adhered to: Matriculation, \$5.00; for each full course of lectures, \$100.00; practical anatomy ticket, including dissecting material, \$10.00; chemical laboratory, \$5.00; pathological laboratory, \$5.00; graduation fee, \$30.00.

Certificate of scholarship, entitling the holder to keep a student in the College for a period of ten years from the date of its issue, \$500.00; a perpetual scholarship, \$1,000.00.

TEXT BOOKS.

Students should be careful to provide themselves with the best text-books, giving the preference to Eclectic authors.

The following are preferred:

Anatomy-Dutton, Gray, Weisse.

Surgery—Bryant, Howe, Hellmuth, Gross.

Theory and Practice of Medicine—Newton, Scudder, Potter, Reynolds' System of Medicine—Goss, Bennett and Loomis.

Materia Medica—Headland. American Dispensatory. National Dispensatory—Goss.

Botany—Wood, Gray.

Chemistry—Roscoe, Attfield, Bloxam, Lloyd, Fownes.

Obstetrics—King, Leishman, Gurnsey.

Diseases of Children—Scudder, Hartman, Smith, Newton, and Powell.

Physiology—Yeo, Kirke's, Foster, Dalton.

Diseases of Women-Clark, Thomas, Ludlam, King.

Medical Jurisprudence—Taylor, Beck.

Diseases of the Mind and Nervous System—Rosenthal.

Electro-Therapeutics—Ranney.

Good board may be had convenient to the College from four to six dollars a week. Students arriving in the city should call at the College, No. 1 Livingston Place, where a list of boarding houses may be seen.

All the baggage of the students may be checked direct to the College, where it will be cared for.

Any further information may be obtained by addressing George W. Boskowitz, M. D., Dean, or Thomas G. Fay, Clerk Eclectic Medical College, 1 Livingston Place.

WINTER SESSION, 1886-87.

ORDER OF LECTURES AND CLINICS.

Monday—9 A. M.—Obstetrics, Prof. Augsburger; 10 A. M.—Practice of Medicine, Prof. Dart; 11 A. M.—Bellevue Hospital, Clinic, Diseases of Women; 2 P. M.—Surgical Clinic, Bellevue Hospital; 3 P. M.—Physiology, Prof. Lesser; 4 P. M.—Special Lectures.

Tuesday—10 A. M.—Practice of Medicine, Prof. Dart; 11 A. M.—Anatomy, Prof. Hyde; 3 p. M.—Medical Clinic, Bellevue Hospital; 4½ p. M.—Materia Medica, Prof. Armgardt.

Wednesday—9 A. M.—Obstetrics, Prof. Augsburger; 10 A. M.—Practice of Medicine, Prof. Dart; 11 A. M.—Materia Medica and Therapeutics, Prof. Armgardt; 2 p. M.—Surgery, Prof. Boskowitz; 3 p. M.—Physiology, Prof. Lesser; 4 p. M.—Laboratory, Practical Anatomy.

Thursday—9 A. M.—Chemistry, Prof. Richardson; 10 A. M.—Clinical Medicine, Prof. Dart; 11 A. M.—Anatomy, Prof. Hyde; 2. P. M.—Surgery, Prof. Boskowitz; 3 P. M.—Laboratory, Practical Anatomy or Surgery; 4 P. M.—Diseases of Women and Children, Prof. Augsburger.

Friday—9 A. M.—Chemistry, Prof. Richardson; 10 A. M.—Laboratory, Practical Surgery or Anatomy; 11 A. M.—Anatomy, Prof. Hyde; 2 p. M.—Physiology, Prof. Lessen; 3 p. M.—Surgical Clinic, Bellevue Hospital; 4 p. M.—Materia Medica, Prof. Armgardt.

Surgery, Prof. Boskowitz; 11 A. M.—Medical Clinic, Bellevue Hospital; 1½ P. M.—Bellevue Hospital Clinics. Special Lectures, Clinics and Demonstrations, to be announced.

MATRICULANTS OF THE ECLECTIC MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Session of 1885-86.

Α.	J.
Andreae, P. AN. Y.	Jackson, M N. Y
Anthony, Mrs. A	Jagers, Mrs. SKy.
В.	Jones, Mrs. J. C
Bachmann, CN. J.	Κ.
Barnes, T. L	Kattmann, F. A
Barnum, B. IMass.	King, W. HN. Y.
Bendemire, FPa.	L.,
Benton, Mrs. EN. Y.	Laing, E. T
Bingham, C. C	Lucy, C
Boehm, W N. Y.	Lynch, Mrs. J. L
Braun, G. H. N. Y.	M.
Brick, H	McDermott, M. B N. Y.
Bulson, D. N	Maloy, H. M
Burd, Mrs. E. D	Maybee, F. HDel.
	N.
Compron Mag A M N V	Newman, J. JConn.
Cameron, Mrs. A. MN. Y. Carpenter, A. JKas.	Newstead, L
Case, E. WConn.	Nordheim, Miss M
Casella, D. A. M. DN. Y.	0.
Chace, Mrs. E. IN. J.	Ostrander, D. P. Ohio.
Chevaillier, Miss A. MN. Y.	Oswald, F. O
D.	Palmateer, F
De Beer, J. D. BMass.	Palmateer, F
Deerburn, A. B	Pell, C
Dettmann, F. ON. Y.	Plumb, Mrs. M. CCal.
Dunham, J. M	D
Dutton, D. BMass.	Reinach, BN. Y.
E.	Rhodes, L. A
Emmons, C. DVt.	
Evarts, Mrs. L. SN. Y.	Skinner, G. D. Mass.
F.	Stockton, J. P. Jr
Filkins, D. O. N. Y. Filkins, Mrs. M. L. N. Y.	Stoddard S. P., M. DInd.
Filkins, Mrs. M. LN. Y.	т
Filkins, M. L., M. D	Taft, Mrs. A. C
Frauendorf, T	Tiesler, E
	Tillyer, B. F
G.	Tillyer, RN. Y.
Gallup, I. B., M. DConn.	V.
Glaser, I	Van Namee, Mrs. E. A. J N. Y.
	Van Winkle, Miss M. E
Н.	Von Ohnesorgen, J. IN. Y.
Hallett, EN. Y.	Waldo, C. M. N. Y.
Hammersley, J. B	Walters, J. B
Heffter, G. ON. Y.	Webber, E. GN. Y.
Higley, Mrs. E. W	Willis, Mrs. M. AN. Y.
Hoelper, GN. Y.	Wilson, Miss JN. Y.

RECAPITULATION:

New York	Kentucky	
New Jersey	Ohio	
Connecticut	Pennsylvania	
California	Virginia'	
Delaware	(I) a d a l	-
Indiana	Total 78	5

GRADUATES OF THE SESSION OF 1885-86.

Devillo N. Bulson.
Charles Bachmann.
Thomas L. Barnes.
Charles C. Bingham.
Andrew J. Carpenter.
Eloise I. Chace.
Johann D. B. DeBeer.
Lucy S. Evarts.

Isaac Glaser.
Emma W. Higley.
George Hoelper.
Mary C. Plumb.
George D. Skinner.
Eugenia A. J. Van Namee.
Mary A. Willis.

HOSPITALS, INFIRMARIES AND DISPENSARIES ACCES— SIBLE TO STUDENTS OF THE ECLECTIC MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Bellevue Hospital.—This institution is situated on Twenty-sixth Street and East River, and is the charity hospital of New York City. It is open to all medical students for clinical study. Its conveniences and accommodations are co-extensive with its purposes. It contains over one thousand beds, and the number of patients annually treated there is from ten to fifteen thousand. Clinical lectures are given, or surgical operations made, daily. Post mortem examinations are also held, to which medical students are admitted. A variety of diseases are here presented, affording an excellent opportunity for observation, and to make the student familiar with the various morbid appearances. The regular operation days in the surgical clinic are Wednesdays and Saturdays at 1:30 o'clock.

EMIGRANT HOSPITAL.—Is one of the finest and best arranged hospitals in the world. The hospital buildings contain accommodations for about two thousand persons. The number of patients treated annually is about eight thousand.

St. Vincent's Hospital—Mount Sinai Hospital—St. Luke's Hospital—Women's Hospital—Lying-in Asylum—Blackwell's Island Hospital—are large and important institutions.

EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.—This institution makes ample and special provision for the study of diseases of the eye and ear. Five thousand cases of disease are exhibited to the students during the year, and special courses of instruction given in the anatomy and physiology of the eye, and the use of the ophthalmoscope established. The operating theatre and the daily clinical lectures are arranged for the convenience of the students, and every facility provided for a thorough knowledge of ophthalmic and aural surgery.

Dispensaries.—These charities, which afford a wide field for practical observation, are also without charge. Some idea may be formed of their value, when it is stated that every year there are reported more than eighty thousand patients who are being treated by the physicians and surgeons in attendance. In these institutions the diseases are arranged into distinct classes—such as diseases of the head, chest, abdomen, extremities, fevers, cruptive diseases, etc. Over fifty thousand persons have been treated at the Eclectic Medical Dispensary of New York by our own physicians.

In addition to the foregoing clinical advantages, medical and surgical instruction will be imparted by means of *clinics*, held at the colleges.

The opportunities for practical anatomy are unequalled, the supply of material for dissection being ample, and furnished at merely nominal prices. The demonstrator will give the student every needed assistance.

This College has all the advantages possessed by other colleges in New York—the students have the privilege of visiting all the hospitals, clinics, and public institutions.



TO COLLEGE LIBRARIES.

Librarians of Colleges and other Institutions receiving this Catalogue will please send their own in exchange.